



A "full IP" UHD system camera solution supporting SMPTE 2110 in any operational mode

Klaus Weber, Principal Camera Solutions & Technology Grass Valley A Belden Brand, Germany









Agenda

- IP fundamentals
- IP connectivity on system cameras
 - IP and base band I/O's
- Connectivity at a "full IP" camera base station
 - DirectIP / DirectIP+
 - IP Trunk
 - C2IP Control
- Conclusion









IP fundamentals









• SMPTE 2022-6 / It's like converting "SDI into the IP world"

All "info" available in the SDI stream about video, audio, etc.

ANC Data

Audio & I-Com

Video

SDI Stream

IP & 2022-6 Header

IP - World

SMPTE 2022-6 Stream

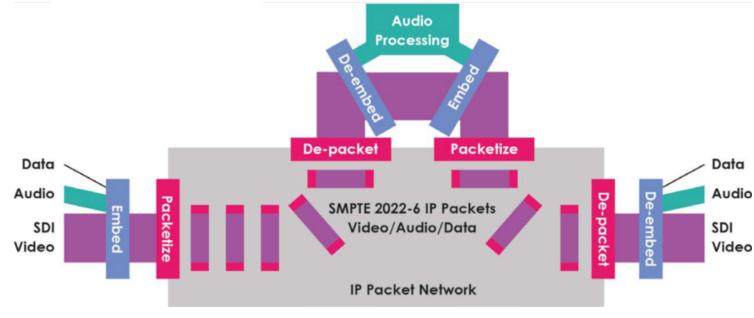








- SMPTE 2022-6 / Carry all the different signals into one IP stream
 - + All signals are always in sync (an optimized solution e.g. interconnecting two sites)
 - Any processing require to "un-pack" and "re-pack" the IP stream











- SMPTE 2022-6 offers a great solution for point-to-point connections
- Groups such as AIMS helped to define and adopt one set of common standards-based protocols for interoperability over IP – SMPTE 2110

	Baseline for Interoperability	Enable IP Streaming of Audio	Support Split Video and Audio Routing	Add Video Bandwidth Efficiency to Split Video, Audio and ANC Data Routing	Enable Discovery and Registration of Compliant Streams
	SMPTE 2022-6	AES67	VSF TR-04 - SMPTE 2022-6 - AES67	VSF TR-03 - IETF RFC 4175 - AES67 - IETF draft ANC291 SMPTE 2059	IS-04
J	SMPTE 2022-6	AES67	SMPTI -10, -20, -30	E 2110	IS-04

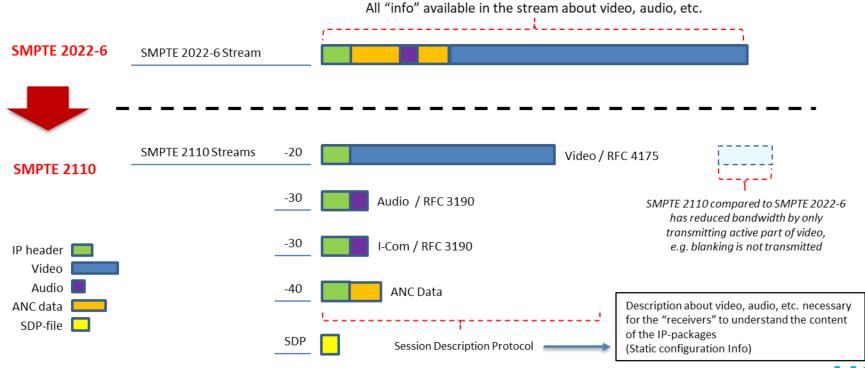








• SMPTE 2110 / Carry the different signals as separate essence in IP

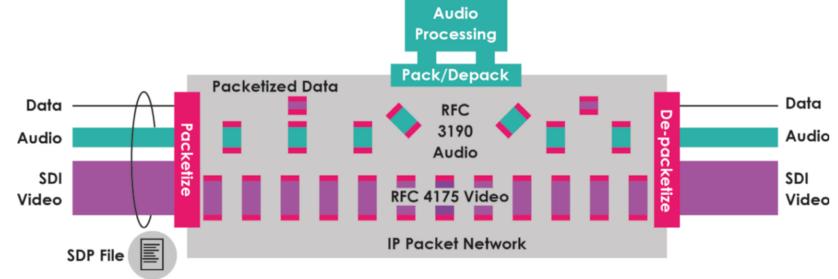








- SMPTE 2110 / For more efficient use of IP signal structure
 - Signals available as separate essences (making the individual use easier and more efficient)
 - Optimized bandwidth efficiency by only carry required data's











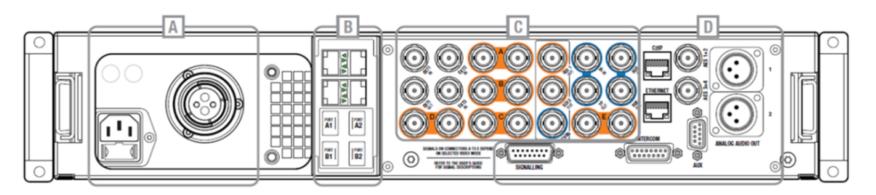








- On a camera base station multiple input & output signals are available:
 - Video
 - Audio
 - Intercom
 - Control
 - Tally
- All these signals need to be provided through the IP-interface



- Area A: Power and Transmission
- Area B: Media Network bay
- Area C: Baseband BNC video connectors
- Area D: Studio connectors



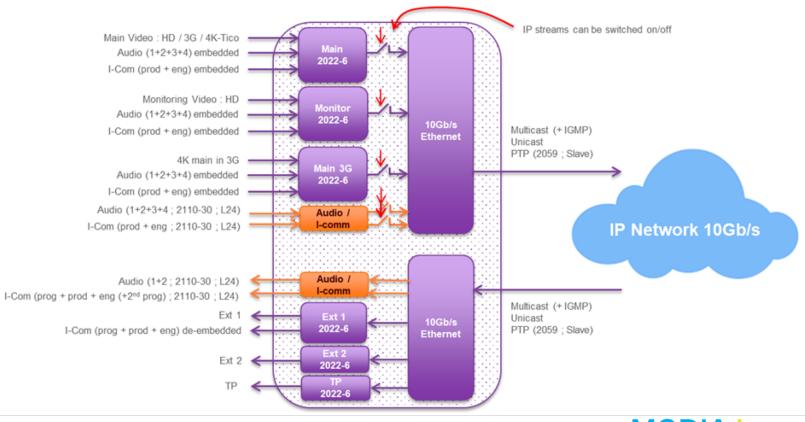






 For ultimate flexibility the IP-interface must support:

SMPTE 2022-6 operation...





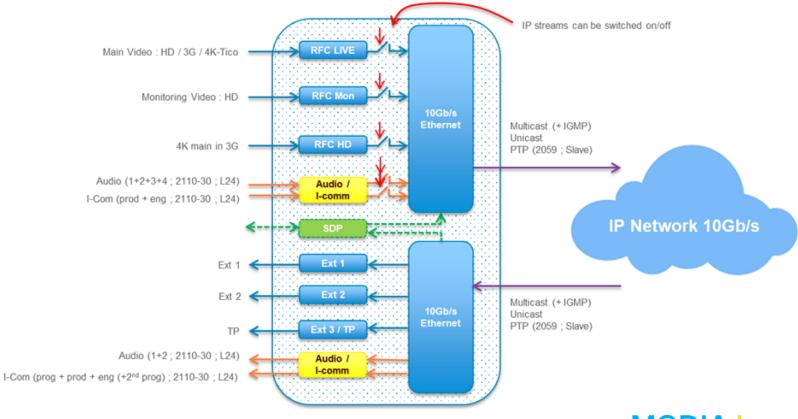






 For ultimate flexibility the IP-interface must support:

...as well as SMPTE 2110 operation

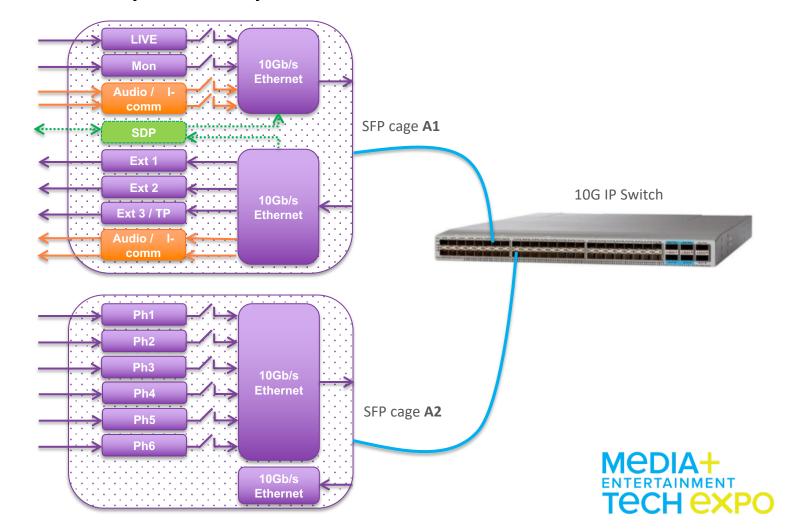








• And all that in 4K, 3G, HD, 3x speed, 6x speed...

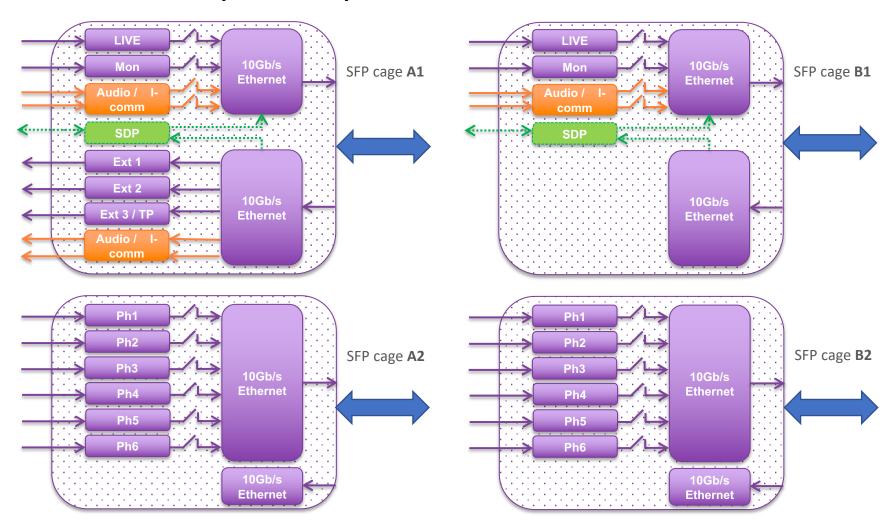








- And all that in 4K, 3G, HD, 3x speed, 6x speed...
- And as redundant IP too...









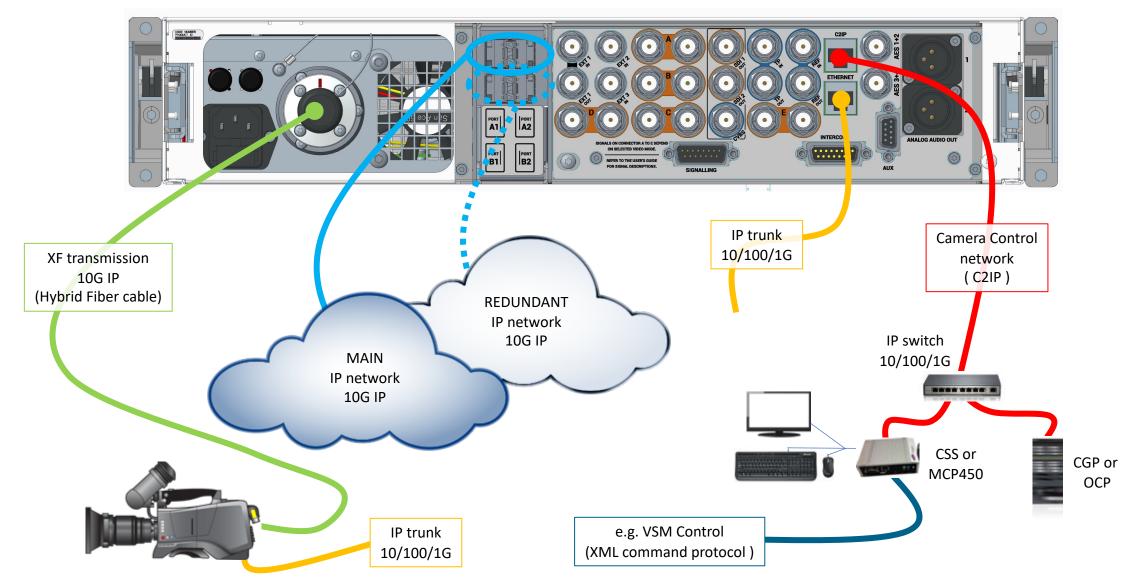
Connectivity at a "full IP" camera base station





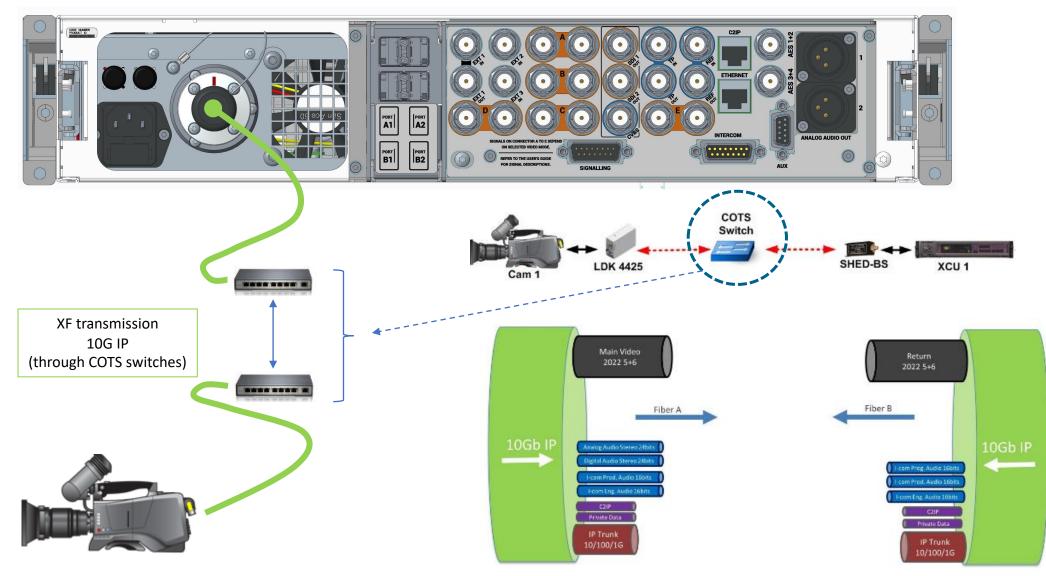










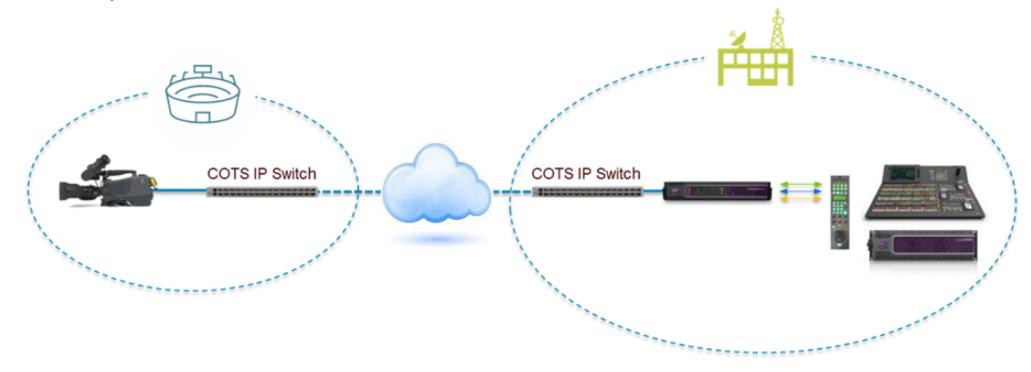






DirectIP operation

- Fully uncompromised connection between camera and base station
 - Over any distance and without any latency (other than network latency)
 - Many use case around the world



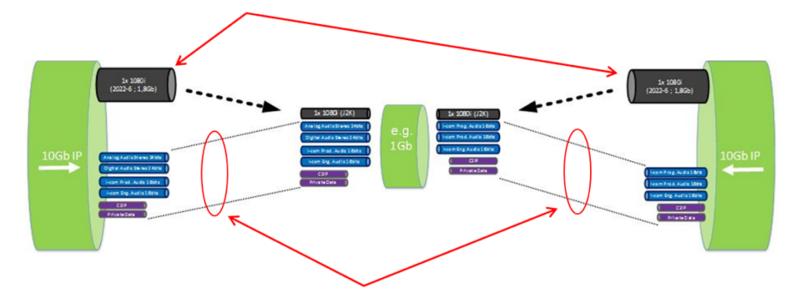




DirectIP+ operation

- If the IP network does not offer the performance required for uncompressed operation compression can be added
 - Reduce bandwidth required for visible lossless image quality by 90%

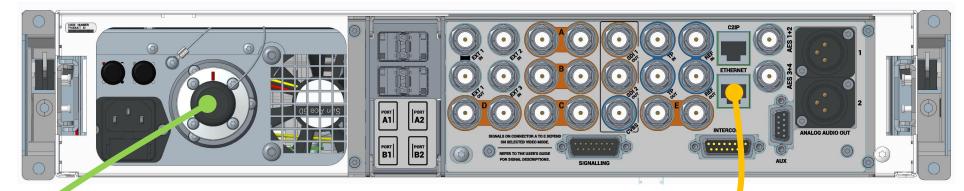
Compress the video streams, so they fit into smaller bandwidth



Keep IP connection for Audio, I-com, C2IP uncompressed (8Mb trunk)







IP trunk 10/100/1G

IP trunk (10/100/1G)

Complete independent IP network connection (separate from camera / XCU)



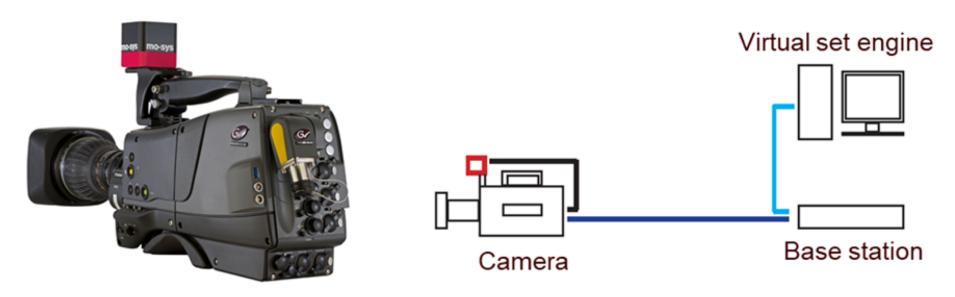
IP trunk 10/100/1G





IP Trunk

- IP trunk can be used for multiple use cases
- E.g. a fully integrated tracking solution for AR & VR applications

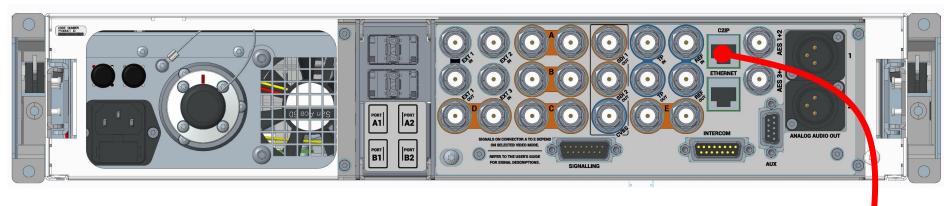












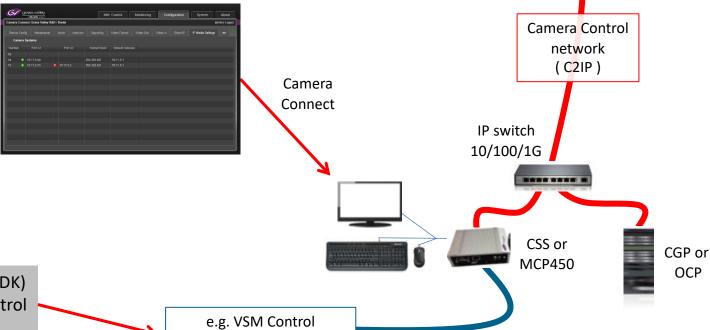


Camera Connect SDK function reference

Camera Connect application version v1.40

The following table shows a list of functions and NS_IDs that are available in the system

	Function Name	NS ID
25-4	Gain Red	513
	Gain Green	514
	Gain Blue	515
	Black Red	516
	Black Green	517
are Development Kit (SD)	Black Blue	518
are bevelopment kit (5b)	Flare Red	519
e "remote" camera contr	Flare Green	520
e remote camera conti	Flare Blue	521
	Notch level	522
ML command protocol)	Soft Detail level	523



(XML command protocol)





Conclusion

- IP infrastructures offer many advantages
- IP interfacing of head and base station offers great potential
 - New workflows for on-campus installations
 - Remote at-home productions over unlimited distances
- A camera base station offering...
 - All the current baseband connections
 - All signals over SMPTE 2110 including redundant operation
 - Additional IP connectivity for control and camera signal transmission
 - ...delivers a fully future proof solution









Thank You

Klaus Weber, Grass Valley A Belden Brand klaus.weber@grassvalley.com / +49-171-2232703



